



Market Prospects for Low Sulphur Fuels

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- New legislation
- Demand: the needs of the shipping industry
- Supply: Prospects for Low Sulphur Fuel Oil (LSFO)
- Consequences for the shipping industry



Fuel oil quality requirements; MARPOL Annex VI

- **Fuel Oil quality**
 - Max 4.5%w S
 - Max 1.5%w S in SECA's
- **Bunker delivery note**
 - Signed, certified declaration wrt Annex VI, incl Sulphur content
- **Bunker sample**
 - Legal, not commercial status. Supplier's responsibility
- **Compliance monitoring**
 - For vessels: Port State control
 - For Suppliers: local relevant body (e.g. Marine Coastguard Agency in UK)



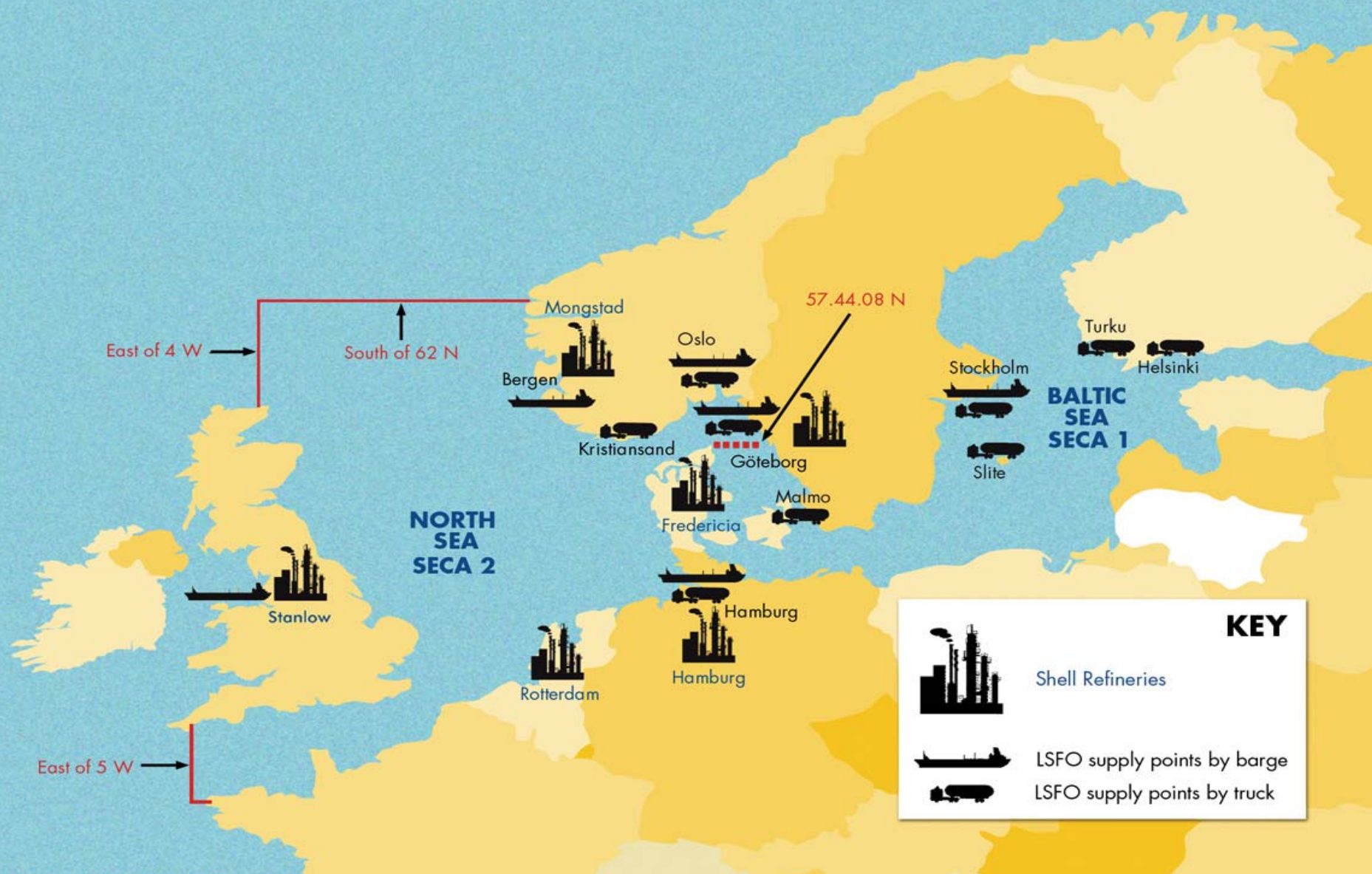
Fuel oil quality requirements; EU Legislation

- **1999/32/EC based on Annex VI**
 - Max 4.5%w S
 - Max 1.5%w S in SECA's
 - Max 1.5%w S regular passenger ferries operating EU ports
 - BDN, sample requirements
 - Max 0.1%w S when stationary from 2010
- **Future review, reassessment**
 - Encourage testing of abatement technologies
 - Report on use of economic instruments, e.g. emissions trading, by Dec 31 2005
 - Additional SECA's, reduction to 0.5%w S review by 2008



SECA 1, Passenger ferries in EU ports: 19th May 2006

SECA 2: expected November 2007



Vessel operators may have several options :

- **Switch to 100% Low Sulphur Bunkers**
 - If operating entirely within the SECA or no other alternatives feasible
- **On Board Bunker Fuel Management**
 - If configuration allows, segregate HS and LS fuels
 - Use gasoil to navigate or blend on board within SECA's
- **Clean up Exhaust Gases, burn High Sulphur Fuels**
 - Commercially proven abatement technology required
 - Currently no offset trading of emissions to support investment

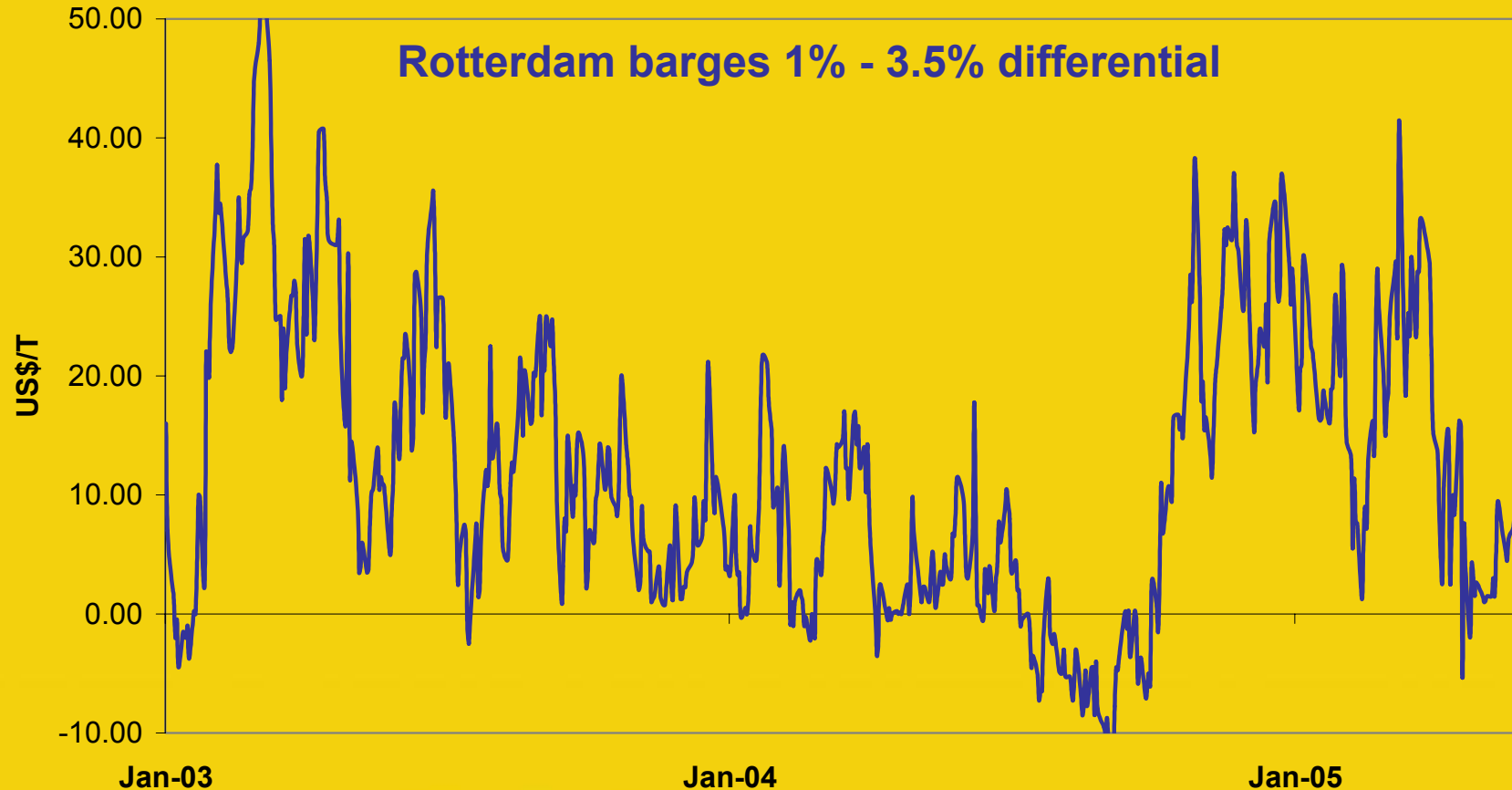


Decision factors for vessel owners/operators:

- **View on LS-HS premium, medium- and long-term**
 - To justify investment to reduce LSFO consumption
- **Trade pattern: frequency, duration, predictability in SECA**
 - Different industry sectors/players will take different investment views
- **Existing Configuration fleet bunker tanks**
 - Retrofitting has a cost & availability impact
- **Availability of abatement technology**
 - Commercially proven technology; opportunity to implement



LS-HS differential is volatile even now:

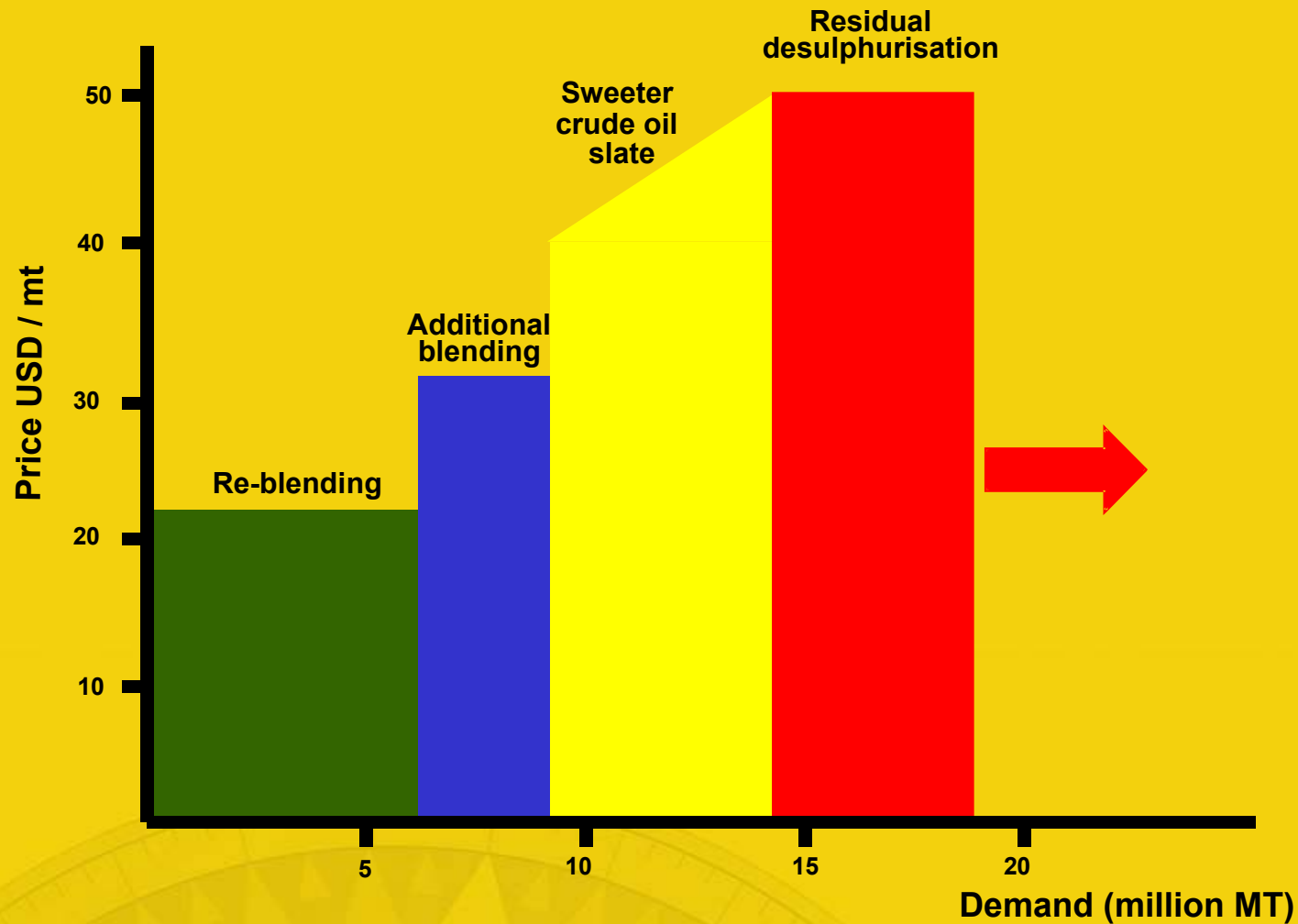


- The 1% barges quote is not well traded, treat with caution
- 1% quotes are not bunker specification (S and metals content)
- The supply/demand balance will change significantly



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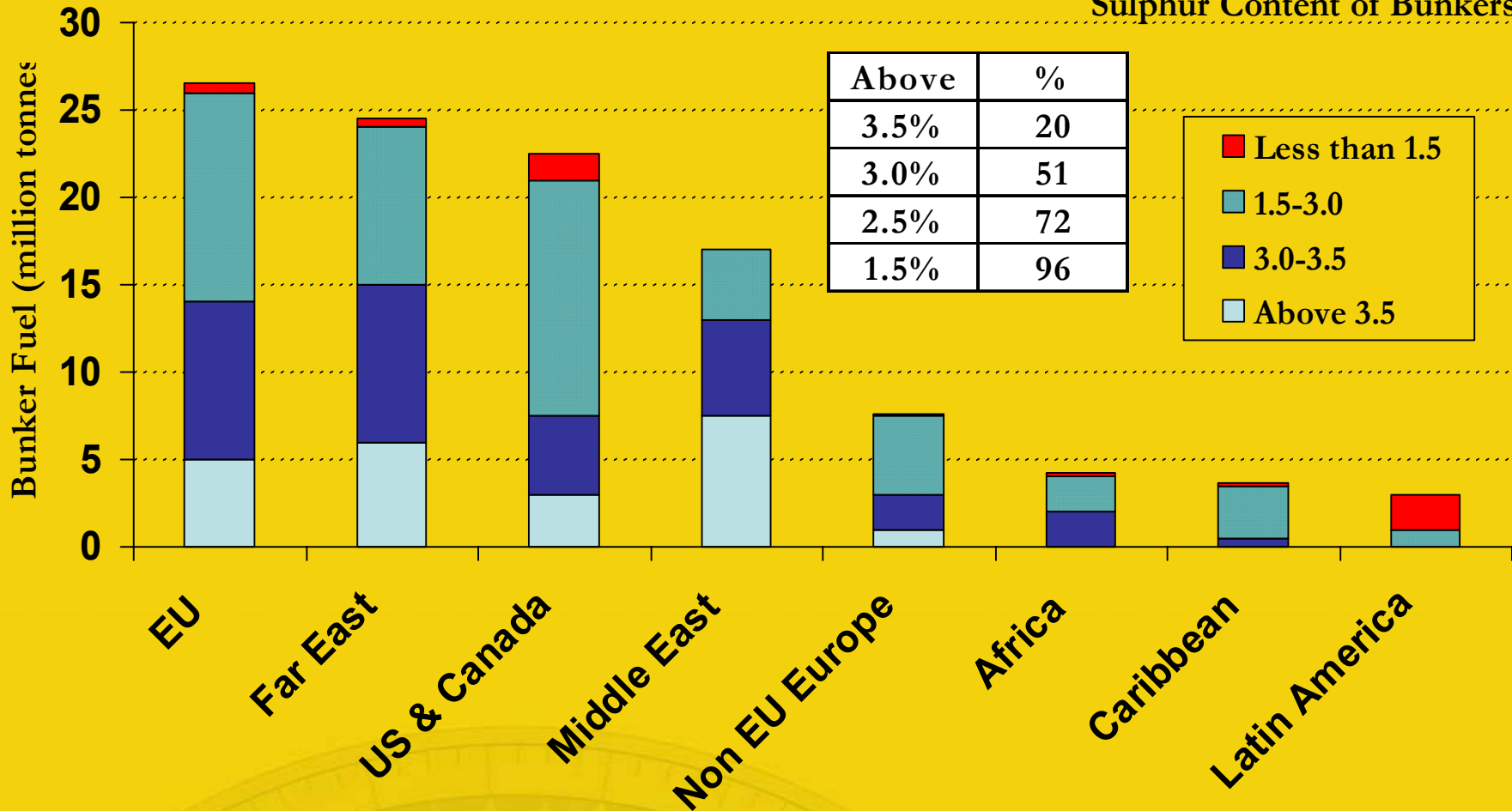
High cost of producing incremental LSFO:



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Further SECA's will increase pressure on LSFO:

Sulphur Content of Bunkers



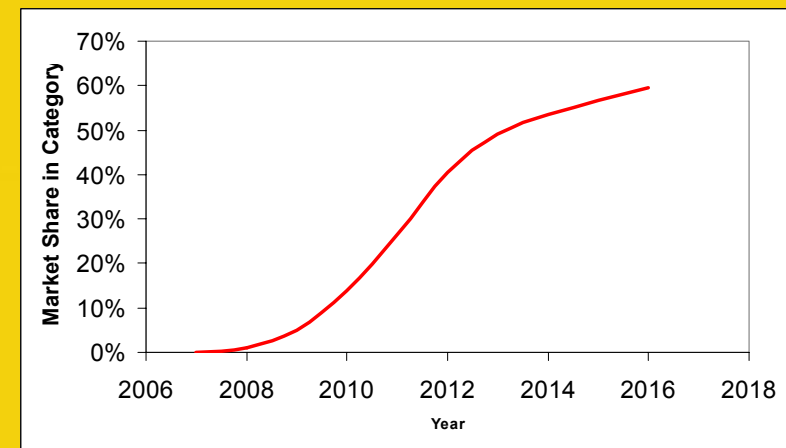
Source : The Cost of Limiting the Sulphur Content of Marine Bunker Fuels to a Maximum of 3.5% Sulphur, An IPIECA Study for OCIMF Submission to IMO, Table 3



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Abatement technology will come...eventually

- **There is currently no commercially proven technology**
 - But several systems in development
- **The economic and environmental benefits of seawater scrubbing are significant**
 - And will drive innovation and development of viable technologies
- **But market penetration will take time**
 - Unless technology requires minor refit
 - Curve here makes typical assumptions re fleet renewal and major refit frequency, for a typical category where abatement is a good investment decision
 - Emission trading will improve economic efficiency/speed of uptake



Operational Issues for vessels/operators:

•Quality:

- Stability problems from onboard mixing of HS and LS fuels
- Potentially lower combustion/ignition quality LSFO, depending on source
- Increased risk of unstable fuel (depending on the refinery desulphurisation or blending process)

•Scheduling:

- Managing LSFO inventories through complex voyage patterns
- Fuel switch-over procedures when transiting in/out SECA

•Lubrication:

- Evaluate/monitor lubrication strategy in line with fuel strategy



Summary:

- **The new legislation has significant cost implications for the shipping industry:**

- Increased demand, high cost of producing incremental LSFO volumes

- **This is a global issue:**

- Additional legislation can be expected to put further pressure on LSFO availability – and cost

- **Abatement will come, but will not change the picture in the short term**

- Development and installation of proven technology has lead time

- **Compliance presents immediate operational challenges for vessel owners/operators – and for bunker suppliers**

- Marine fuel quality and segregation issues



Vessel operators should work with and expect strong support from bunker/lubricant suppliers to minimise operational and financial consequences of the new legislation

SMP are focussing on key elements to support our customers:

- **Further developing our supply network of LSFO**
- **Speciality lubricants**
- **Lubrication services and advice**
- **As a founding member of SEAaT, active participation in evaluation of abatement and emissions trading developments**

