

LUBRICANT SOLUTIONS UNDER CHANGING SCENARIO





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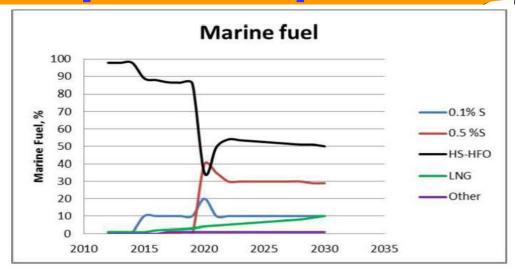


- Marine Lubricants Market drivers
- ☐ Fuels & their impacts on Lubricants
- ☐ Present & future marine oils market an overview
- **□** Summary

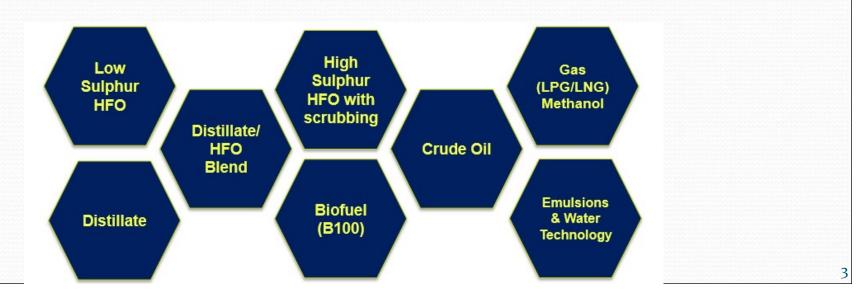


Various Options of Fuels & trends expected as per OEM

Type of Fuel	Typical Sulphur Content (% m/m)
Ultra Low Sulphur Fuel Oil	<0.1
Distillates	<0.5
Low Sulphur Fuel Oil	0.5 - 1.5
Heavy Fuel Oil	1.5 - 3.5



Expectations to future marine fuels (if IMO enforces the global max. 0.5% S in 2020).





Fuel Operation Scenario

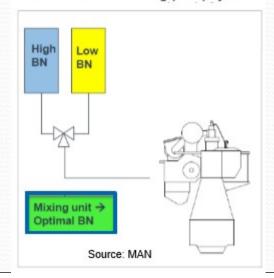
Fuel Combo	Challenges	2-Stroke	4-Stroke
High Sulfur HFO (2.5% - 3.5% S) w Low Sulfur distillat		Due to immediate transition of fuel and switch of lubricant:	Long Operations : 20BN/30BN
(<0.1%S)	Length of time >100hrs for ships transitioning in/out of	High S Fuel with low BN lube: Corrosion of piston rings & liners	Short Operations: 40BN/50BN
	ECAs	Low S Fuel with high BN lube: Ash deposits on piston crowns	Lube oil cannot be changed even when the fuel is
	40BN was widely available for ships in ECAs	and top lands	switched, hence lube selection is based from "the
	A single cylinder oil containing: Ash Free Additives	High cost of distillate fuel lead to reduce engine load	worst" fuel quality
	High and low alkalinity reserves	Results in correction of lube oil feed rate (an increase) - Over lubrication leads to deposit build up	Good asphaltenes detergency when monitoring fuel contamination from HFO
Low Sulfur HFO (0.5% S) with Low	0.5% HFO in place post 2020/2025.	Might still need a neutralization capacity of 40BN	Typically 16-30BN
Sulfur Distillate (<0.1% S)			A 20BN lube with sufficient asphaltenes detergency is best choice.

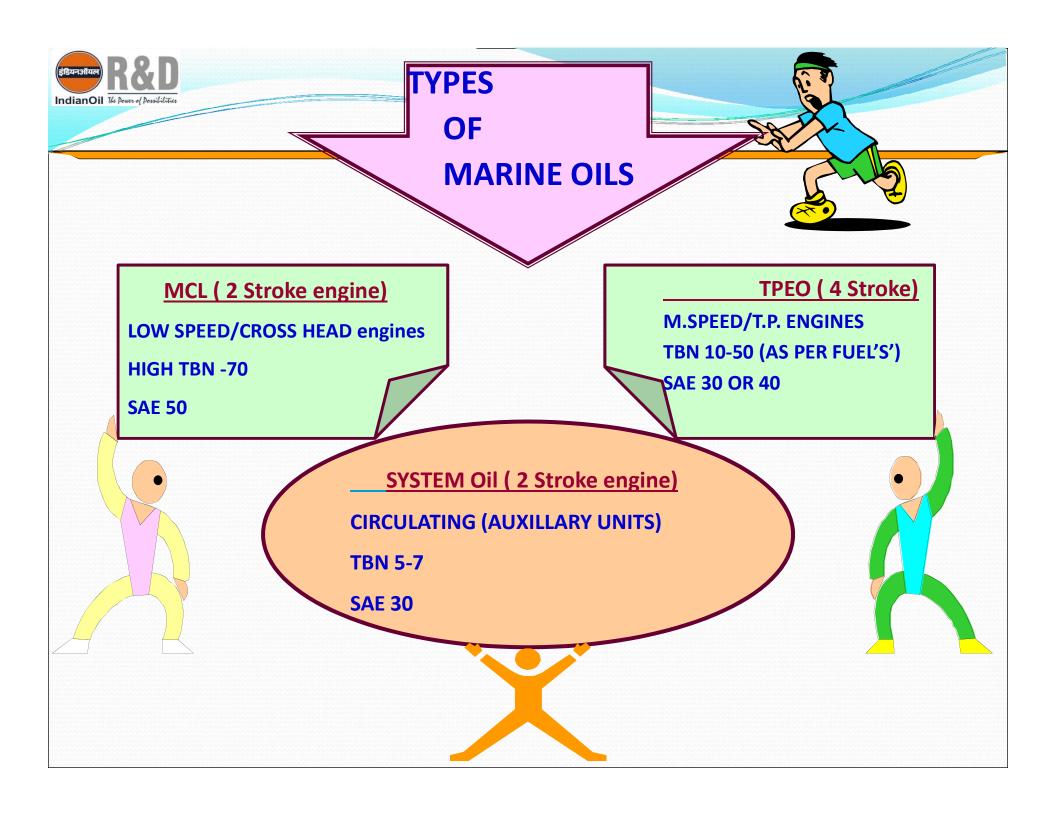


Dual Fuel Scenario

Fuel Combo	Challenges	2-Stroke	4-Stroke
Dual Fuel	Less Calcium Carbonate in the formulation could lead to poorer	2 lubes combined based on LNG/HFO Ratio	HFO: requires high base number and good
100% HFO	wear profiles for low BN		asphaltenes detergency
	MDCLs	HFO : Sufficient alkalinity	
95-99% Gas (1-		reserve	Gas: A high BN will
5% HFO/MDO)	Abnormal combustion of LNG-		contribute to ash
,	air mixure linked to ignition of	Gas: Low ash product to	deposits in the
	volatile fractions of lubricant	minimize deposition	combustion chamber,
	itself	Trimminge deposition	leads to misfiring or
	it36ii		-
			engine knocking.

Automated Lube Mixing (ALM) system¹

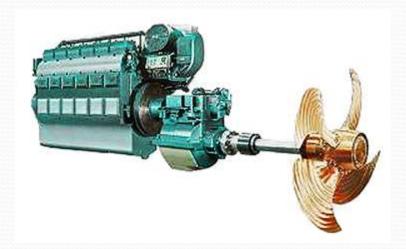






Marine lubricant's functions

- Keeps the engine parts clean
- Good film forming properties
- Good spreadability
- Good detergency, thermal stability
- Sulfuric acid neutralisation
- Asphaltene/sludge solvency
- Good antiwear and film retention properties

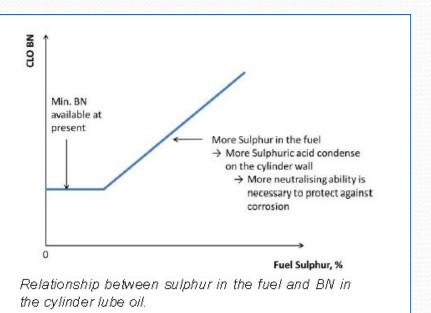


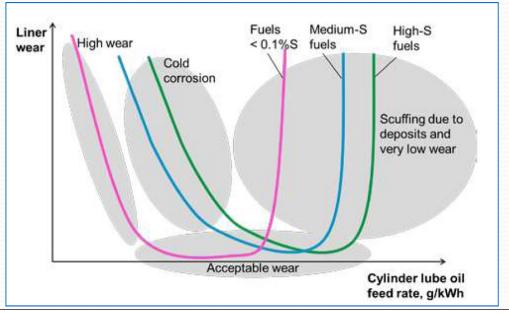




Liner wear Vs Oil feed rate

- Variation in cylinder lube oil feed rate and/or variation in BN will move the curves along the x-axis. Furthermore, engine configuration, operating conditions and ambient conditions (e.g. scavenge air humidity) also influence the situation.
- New and re-conditioned cylinder liners have special machining pattern (wave-cut) [6]. The wave-cut ensures that a sufficient amount of cylinder lube oil is retained on the liner surface.







Slow Steaming

Slow steaming refers to the practice of operating cargo ships, especially container ships, at significantly less than their maximum speed.

When a ship 'slow steams' it reduces the engine load --and thereby the speed of the vessel.

Possible Impact



Positives	Negatives		
Lower fuel costs	Fouling of the exhaust gas boiler		
Lower emissions	Low temperature in the exhaust gas boiler affecting hear recovery efficiency		
Flexibility on load planning	Premature wear and tear of vital parts		
	Soot deposits on moving parts		
	Internal temperatures can be below the dew point of S- acid. Results in sulphuric acid condensing on the liners leading to higher rates or corrosive wear		



Uniqueness of Marine Lubricants

- No industry specifications
- Accepted performance level API CD/CF
- Major marine OEMs don't give blanket approvals for Marine oil additives
- Field test required separately for each OEM
 - Ship board trial
 - Land based DG set trial

Prior to run field trial, product with complete physico-chemical data along with engine test data has to be submitted to OEM to get field trial clearance i.e. no objection certificate for field trial.

Field trial duration is of min. 4000 hrs



Marine lubricant Formulation methodology

- Characterised by high level of detergency & alkalinity reserve even upto 100 BN
- Fuel sulfur determines the lube oil detergency level
- MCLs Very high detergency due to use of sulfur rich fuel
- •TPEOs A range of BN from 10-55 determined by fuel S level

Commonly used additives in Marine Lubricants

Detergents – Sulfonates, phenates, salicylates

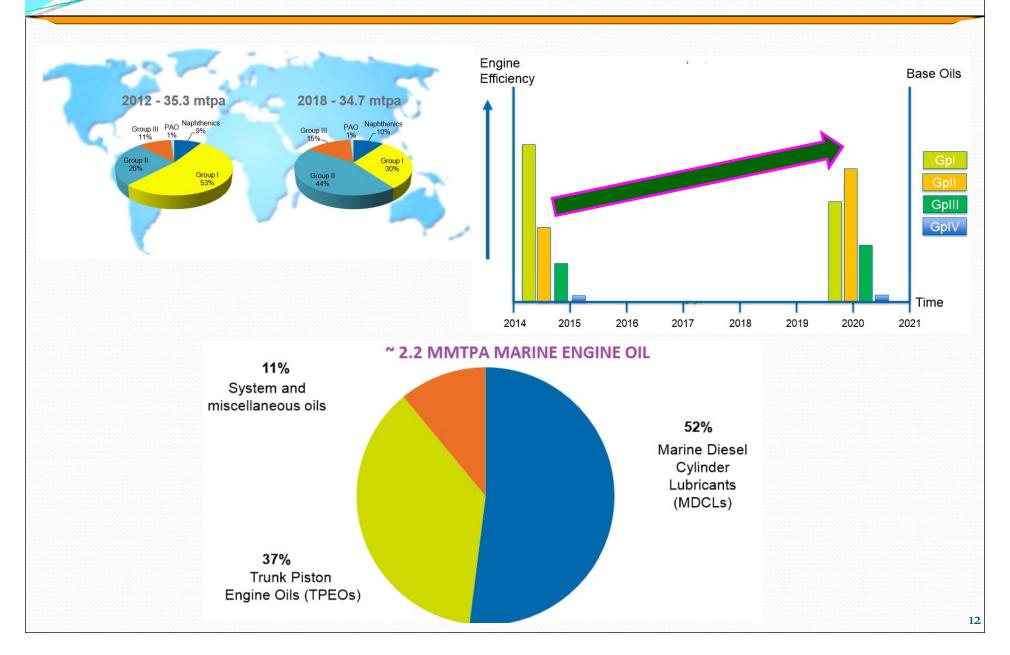
Dispersant - PIBSI type

Anti oxidants - Phenolic or Amininc type

Anti wear – ZDDP



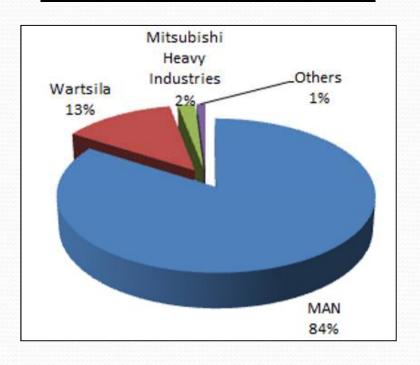
Marine Engine Oil Market



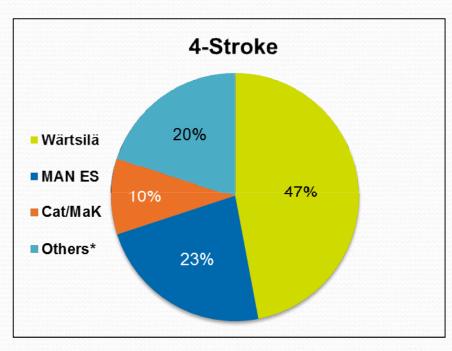


Major Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM)

Marine 2 stroke engine OEMs



Marine 4 Stroke engine OEMs



Others: Mitsubishi, Caterpillar, Nigata, Himsen

Major OEMs are Europe based

Source: Lubrizol



Fuel sulfur level Vs Lubricant BN

MDCL

0.1 % S	0.5 % S	1.0 % S	1.5 % S	2.0 % S	3.5 % S
15-25 TBN					
	40 TBN				
		70 T	BN		
				70 /	140 TON

70-140 TBN

Automated Cylinder Oil Mixing system (ACOM) - only for MAN ES Engines ACOM system can be used to mix high and low BN Cylinder oils

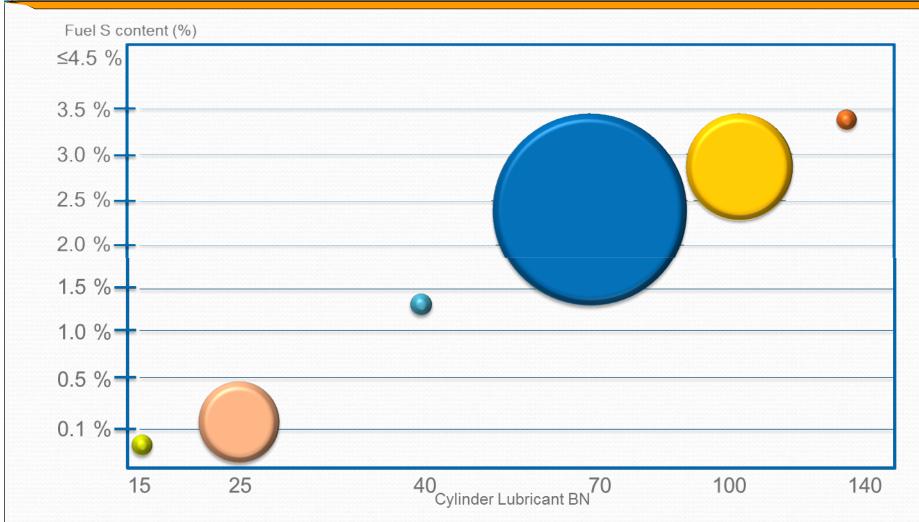
100 + TBN required to tackle cold corrosion and also for slow steaming operations

TPEO

0.1 % S	0.5 % S	1.0 % S	1.5 % S	2.0 % S	3.5 % S
12-15 TBN					
	20-30 TBN				
30-55 TBN low to high S HFO (Asphaltenes)) (Asphaltenes)		



Current cylinder oil coverage -70 & 100BN dominant

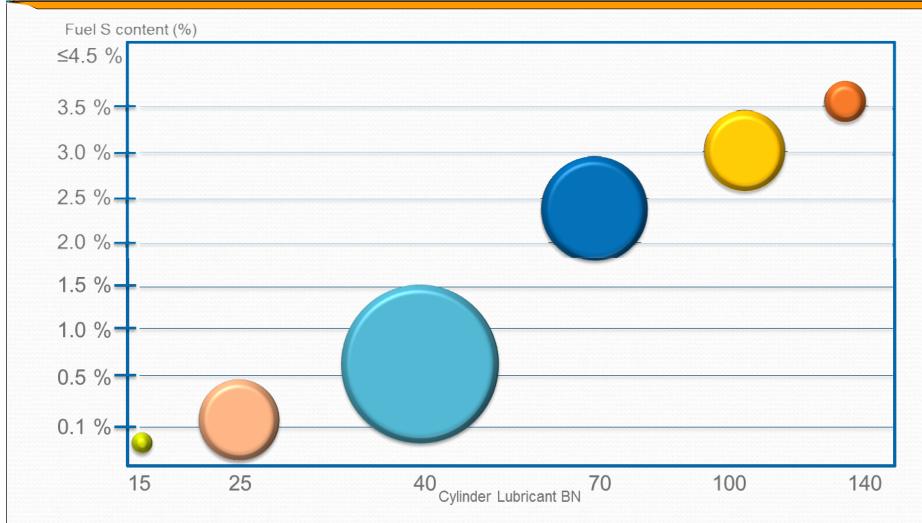


70BN & 100BN cylinder oils dominate the market

Courtesy: Lubrizol ₁₅



Cylinder oil coverage 2020 - 40BN dominant

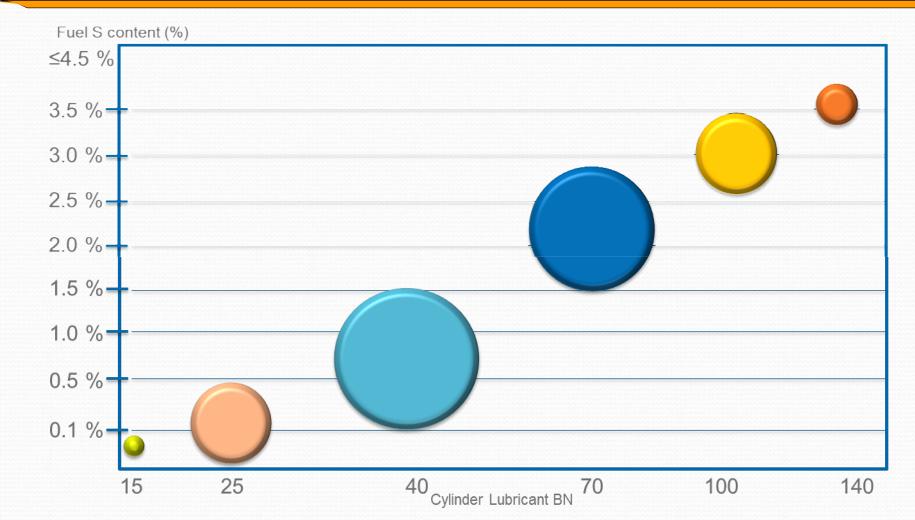


Lubrizol view of 2020 MDCL product evolution

Courtesy: Lubrizol



Cylinder oil coverage Beyond 2023

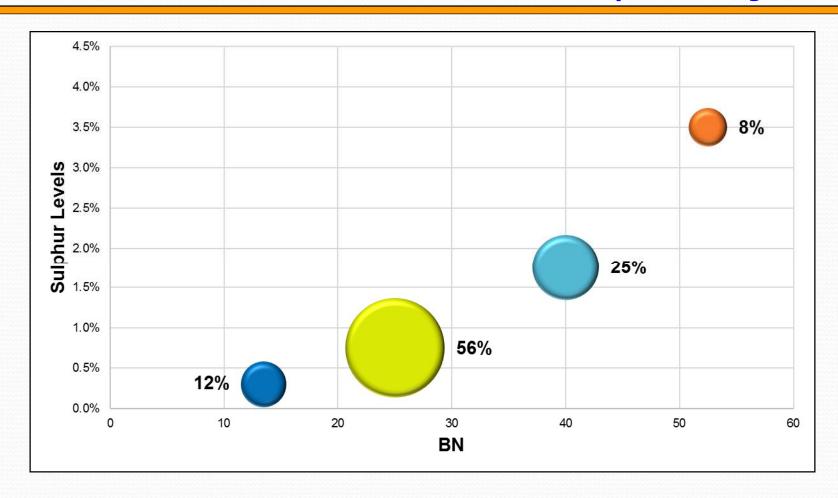


Scrubber uptake changes cylinder lubricant landscape beyond 2023

Courtesy: Lubrizol



TPEO Coverage in Deep Sea Marine market 2020: 20-30BN dominant (Industry view)



 Assuming that current 4-stroke vessels do not adopt scrubbers in 2020

Courtesy: Lubrizol



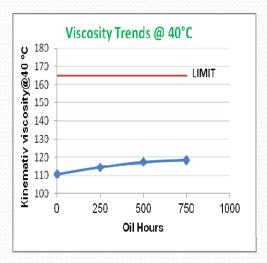
Important Attributes of Gas Engine Oil

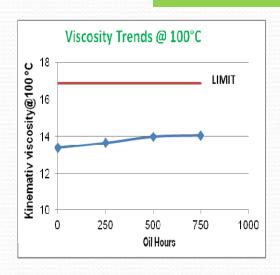
- ✓ Oxidation Stability
- √ Thermal Stability/Deposit Control
- ✓ Resistance to Nitration
- ✓ Dispersancy
- ✓ Corrosion
- ✓ Resistance to Friction & Wear
- ☐ No Standard Engine Tests as in the case of on-road High speed engines
- ☐ OEMs rely on actual field performance
- ☐ Performance assessment during formulation development A challenge

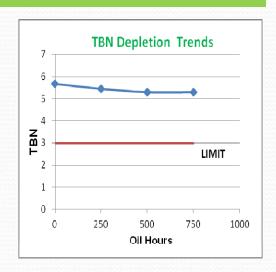


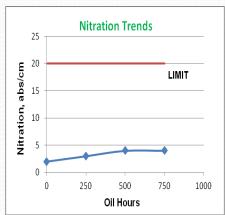
Field Validation of Gas Engine Oil

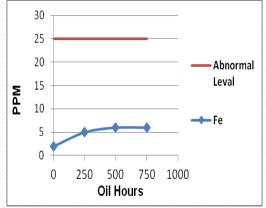
In a 9.73 MW Wartsila 20V34SG Engine

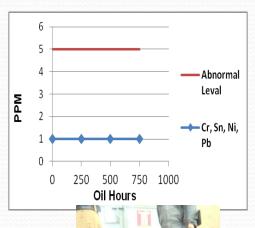




















Indian oil's readiness for IMO 2020 - complete slate of cylinder oils for various fuel options

Product	BN/SAE Grade	Fuel Sulfur	Area of use
Servo Marine LB 1750	17 BN / SAE 50	<0.1 % S	ECA
Servo Marine ME 4050	40 BN / SAE 50	0.5 % max S	Non ECA
Servo Marine ME 7050 & Servo Marine 7050	70 BN / SAE 50	0.5-1.5 % S	Non ECA
Servo Marine ME 10050	100 BN / SAE 50	1.5-4.0 % S & slow steaming	Non ECA
Servo Marine ME 14050	140 BN / SAE 50	1.5-4.0 % S & slow steaming	Non ECA

Servo Green Edge – Stationary Gas Engine Oil SAE 40 Low TBN oil



Summary

